

āšiptu

āšiptu s.; woman exorcist; SB*; cf. *āšipu*.

naršindatu a-ši-ip-tu₄ eššebūti mušlahhatu agugiltu (addressing witches) Maqlu III 43; for *āšipāku* (said of Gula) see Or. NS 36 128:183, cited *āšipu* usage a.

āšipu (*wāšipu*) s.; exorcist; from MB, MA on, Akkadogram in Bogh. (KUB 18 62:6); wr. syll. and (LÚ.)MAŠ.MAŠ (LÚ.MAŠ 5R 46:63), rarely KA.PIRIG/PIRIG (Labat TDP passim, ZA 23 374:90), LÚ.ME, LÚ.ME.ME (LÚ.MU₇.MU₇ AMT 44,4:8, 95,2 ii 8, LKA 108:6); cf. *āšiptu*, *āšipu* in *rab āšipi*, *āšipūtu*, *šiptu*, *uššupu*.

lú.KAXLI.dug₄ = ša ši-ip-tim, lú.KAXLI.KAXLI.gál = wa-ši(!)-pu-ú OB Lu 418f.; mu-mu-un KAXLI.KAXLI = ši-ip-tum, wa-ši-pu-um Proto-Diri 33f., cf. [mu-mu] [KAXLI.KAXLI] = [ši]-ip-tum, a-ši-pu Diri I 62f.

[NAR.BALAG], lú.tu₆.gál, KA^{ka}.tu₆.gál, ka.kú.gál, KA^{ka-ap-ri-ig} PIRIG, ŠIM^{mu}SAR, ka.kú.gál, ni-ig-ru^{KAXAD+KÙ} = a-ši-pu Lu IV 145–153, cf. [maš].maš = maš-ma-šu, NAR.BALAG, KA.PIRIG = a-ši-pu Lu Excerpt I 204ff.; lú.maš.maš, lú.ka.pirig, lú.ka.kú.ga, lú.[x.x].x.x = a-ši-pu Igituh short version 208ff.; [l]ú.me, [l]ú.me.me, [l]ú.maš, [l]ú.maš.maš, lú.ka.pirig, lú.ka.luh.ha, lú.ka.kú.ga, lú.inim.inim.ma, lú.UD.KA.BAR = a-ši(!)-p[u] Iraq 6 p. 157 No. 17 r. 2–5 + p. 156 No. 15 r. 1–4 (coll.) and dupls.; LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ, LÚ.ME.ME Bab. 7 pl. 5 (after p. 96) ii 9f. (NA list of professions); [ma-āš] MAŠ = a-ši-pu Idu II i 2, cf. MAŠ = a-ši-pu STT 395 ii 20; [i]-šib ME = i-šip-pu, a-ši-pu A I/5 i 1f., cf. [ši]-ib ME = uš-šu-pu ša a-ši-pi ibid. 8; i-ši-ib^{ME} = a-ši-pu MIN (followed by *išibgallum*) Erimhuš V 8; ka.kú.[gál] = [a-ši-pu] Antagal C 157; [p]i.ri.gal = a-ši-pu RA 16 167 iii 1 (group voc.); lú.inim.inim.ma = a-ši-pu Hh. II 351; [lú x x] = a-[ši-pu], LÚ.SAG.X = a-ši-pu, LÚ.SAG.KAL = a-[ši-pu] PSBA 18 pl. 3 (after p. 256) r. i 1–5 (NB list of professions); udu.šud_x(KAX SU).dè (var. udu.KAX LI^{mu[n]}.KAX LI^{mu}) = MIN (= immeri) ik-ri-bi, udu.mu₇.mu₇.dè (var. udu.níg.KAX LI^{ni-gi}.KAX LI^{MIN}(= mun-mu)) = MIN a-ši-pi Hh. XIII 157f.; [ša(?)] hal-dap-pi-e = a-ši-pu Igituh App. A i 30'.

[g]á.e [lú.mu₇.mu₇.sang[á.mah]] : a-ši-pu sangammāhu ... [anāku] I am the exorcist, the chief purification-priest (of Ea) CT 17 46 BM 60886:45f., also gá.e [lú.mu₇.mu₇.sa[nágá.mah]] d^{En.ki.ke}(KID) me.en : a-ši-pu sangam-māhu [ša Ea anāku] CT 16 30:45 (both coll. W. G. Lambert), and CT 16 4:128f.; lú.mu₇.mu₇, Eridu.ga.ke_x mu.un.<tu>.ud.da me.en : a-ši-pu ša ina Eridu išbanā anāku I am the exorcist who was created in Eridu CT 16 6:237f., cf. lú.mu₇.mu₇, NUN.ME.TAG Eridu.ga.ke_x : a-ši-pu DUMU.MEŠ ummāni ša Eri[du] 4R Add. p. 4 to

āšipu

pl. 18 No. 3 r. 5f.; ù gá.e lú.mu₇.mu₇, arad.zu KA.TAR.zu ga.si.il.lá : u anāku a-ši-pu aradka datlīka ludlul and I, the exorcist, your servant, will proclaim your praise CT 16 8:296f., also Laessøe Bit Rimki 54:50f., KAR 73 r. 27f.; [lú.mu₇.mu₇] KA.kú.ga.aš nu.mu.ni.ib.te.en.te.en : a-ši-pu ina [šip]ti ul upaššahšu 4R 22 No. 2:14f.

ŠIM.SAR lú.ti.la kalam.[ma.ke_x me.en] : a-ši-pu muballit māti [anāku] CT 16 5:172f., cf. d^{Da.mu} ŠIM.SAR.gal.la : d^{MIN}a-ši-purabū Šurpu VII 71f., cf. also [kù d^{Ni}]n.in.si.na dumu.gal(!).an.[na ... ŠIM].SAR.kalam.[ma] the holy Ninisina, the great daughter of An, the magical healer(?) of the land TCL pl. 15 15 ii 22, see Edzard, Sumer 13 187, also d^{Nin.in.si.na} ŠIM.SAR.kalam.m[a] Sumer 13 186 IM 25682:2 (Sin-kāšid).

MU₇.MU₇, tu₆.dAsar.ri lú.ka.pirig alam d^{Asal.lú.hi} : šiptu šipat Marduk a-ši-pu šalam Marduk the incantation is the incantation of Marduk, the exorcist, the very image of Marduk AfO 14 150:225f. (bit mēsiri), cf. ka.pirig ka.šu.luh.ha [Eridu.ga.ke_x] : a-ši-pu Eridu ša pišu [mesu] exorcist of Eridu whose mouth is washed pure CT 16 5:176f.

ka.tu₆.gál Eridu.ga.ke_x nam.šub galam. ma.me.en : a-šip (var. [a-ši]-pu) Eridu ša šipassu naklat anāku I am the exorcist of Eridu whose incantation is artful CT 16 28:52f., cf. ka.kú.gál abzu.a gal.le.eš mu.un.du₇.du₇.[x] : a-ši-pu ša apsi rabīš šuklulu exorcist, eminently fit for the apsu 5R 51 iii 46f. (= Schollmeyer No. 1). u gá(!).e(!) lú.inim.[in]im.ma arad.zu : u anāku a-ši-l-pi arad[ka] BA 10/1 69 r. 18 + 67:18f.

d^{Asal.lú.hi} me.en maš.maš an.ki.a dib. dib.bi hul.e.ne : d^{AMAR.UTU} MAŠ.MAŠ šamē u erṣeti tu-mu-suḥ(!) lim(!)-nu-ti CT 16 39:10f., cf. (d^{NIN.EZENX.GUD}) maš.maš an.ki.a : MAŠ.MAŠ šamē u erṣeti LKA 77 v 18 and dupls., see ArOr 21 357ff.

gu-kal-lum (var. mu-kal-lum) = ap-kal-lu, a-ši-pu Malku IV 8f.; [ap(?)-ga](!)-lu = a-ši-pu STT 403:15 (comm. to Labat TDP Tablet II).

a) as epithet of gods of exorcism — 1' wr. syll.: [d...]= d[ÉN]= dE-a ša a-ši-[pi] CT 25 47 Rm. 483:2 and 48:22; liddinki MAŠ.MAŠ a-ši-pu Asalluhi let Asalluhi the exorcist give you (a comb, etc.) 4R 56 iii 49, dupl. KAR 239 ii 21 (SB Lamaštu), cf. x-lu-ki a-ši-pu(!) Asalluhi 4R 58 i 8; [as]āku bārāku a-ši-pak(var. -pa-ku) Or. NS 36 128:183; (in broken context) Ea Asalluhi a-ši-pu AMT 88,1:7 (inc.).

2' wr. MAŠ.MAŠ: the incantation is not mine šipat Ea u Asalluhi šipat MAŠ.MAŠ ili

āšipu

^aAMAR.UTU *šunu iddūma* it is the incantation of Ea and Asalluhi, the incantation of the exorcist among the gods, Marduk, they have “cast” it BE 31 56 r. 21, cf. [šipta] DN MAŠ(!).MAŠ(!) DINGIR.ME *iddīma anāku ašši* Asalluhi, the exorcist among the gods, “cast” (the incantation), I “raised” it AMT 45,5 r. 8, also AMT 42,4:9; *emqu massū* MAŠ.MAŠ *ili* DN the wise, the leader, the exorcist among the gods, Asalluhi AMT 100,3:12, cf. *Asalluhi* MAŠ.MAŠ DINGIR.MEŠ *rabūti* BMS 12:88, see Ebeling Handerhebung 80, also Šurpu IV 99; note, with divine name omitted: *anamdi mé ša* MAŠ.MAŠ *ili* I have poured the (beneficent) water of the exorcist among the gods (incipit of an inc.) Köcher BAM 215:38, see AfO 21 18, text preserved in Sm. 497:7' and K.9943:6'; [p]utur MAŠ.MAŠ *ili bēlu rēmēnū* ^aAMAR.UTU release it, O exorcist among the gods, merciful lord, Marduk Šurpu II 134, cf. ^aAMAR.UTU MAŠ.MAŠ *ili* Rm. 291:10 (royal prayer); *Marduk apkal ili* MAŠ.MAŠ *Igigi u An[unnaki]* Langdon Tammuz pl. 6 K.100:15 (Esarh.); *lipšur Ea* MAŠ.MAŠ *lisbalkit kišpī-kunu* Asalluhi MAŠ.MAŠ *ili mār Ea apkalli* may Ea the exorcist dispel, Asalluhi the exorcist among the gods, son of the wise Ea, divert your (the sorcerers') magic Maqlu IV 6f., cf. Maqlu V 182, and passim said of Ea, Asalluhi and Marduk in similar contexts in Maqlu, for refs., see Tallqvist Götterepitheta 132 s.v. *mašmašu*.

b) as diagnostician (in connection with medical practice): *ul ušāpi a-ši-pu*(var. -*pa*) *sikin mursija u adanna sili'tija* LÚ.ḤAL *ul iddin* the exorcist has not been able to clarify the nature of my illness, and the diviner has not set a time limit on my sickness Lambert BWL 44:110 (Ludlul II); *enūma ana bit marṣi* KA.PIRIG *illaku* when the exorcist is on the way to a patient's house Labat TDP 2:1, cf., always wr. KA.PIRIG (in subscripts) ibid. 6:44, 60:50', 230:124, and passim; [...] LÚ.A.ZU LÚ.MAŠ LÚ.ḤAL LÚ.EN.ME.LI *šu-UD-di* the physician, exorcist, diviner, dream interpreter Labat TDP 170:14; *ina balika* LÚ.ḤAL *ul ušteššer qāssu* KI.MIN LÚ.KA. PIRIG *ana marṣi ul itabbal qāss[u]* *ina balika* LÚ *a-ši-pu ešsepū mušlahhu ul iba'ū sūq[a]*

āšipu

without you (Šamaš) the diviner cannot make the proper arrangements, without you the exorcist cannot lay his hand on a sick person, without you the exorcist, the ecstatic, the snake charmer cannot go about (their business) in the streets KAR 26:24f.

c) performing exorcisms — 1' against diseases: *šipir* ŠU.GIDIM.MA *lazzi* (wr. ZAL. ZAL) *ša* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *nasāḥšu la ile'ū* the lingering effects of “hand of ghost” which the exorcist cannot remove Köcher BAM 9:55, dupl. AMT 99,3 r. 11, cf. *šumma* NA ŠU. GIDIM.MA *išbassuma* LÚ.MU₇.MU₇ (var. LÚ. MAŠ.MAŠ) *nasāḥšu la ile'i* AMT 95,2 ii 8, var. from Köcher BAM 221 iii 14' and KAR 184 r.(!) 19, cf. also ŠU.GUD.MA *a-ši-pu ki šá idū līteppuš* the disease is (caused by) “hand of ghost,” the exorcist should do as he knows(?) best CT 23 44:7; *kinsāšu kišallāšu ištēniš* KÚ.ME-šú *u ina* IGI MAŠ.MAŠ NU DU₈ *eṭemmu išbassuma* (if) his shins and his ankles both hurt him and (the pain) will not subside (even) before (i.e., with the ministrations of) the exorcist, it means a ghost has seized him Labat TDP 20:14; *murussu niqittu irašši* MAŠ.MAŠ *ana bullutišu qiba* NU *išakkan* his illness will have a crisis, the exorcist should not give a prognosis for his recovery Labat TDP 154:8, also 188:13, see Landsberger apud Ritter, Studies Landsberger 203 n. 14; *aššum* LÚ *a-ši-pi ša ahū[a i]špura ummā* LÚ *a-ši-pa ša ahūa išpu[ra x] x ikšuda nīpiša ultēpiša* as for the exorcist about whom my brother wrote me, saying “the exorcist about whom my brother wrote me has arrived [...] and has begun the ritual” KUB 3 71:7f. (let. of Kadašmanturgu to Hattušili); *mindūma* LÚ *a-ši-pu mīt* perhaps the exorcist has died KBo 1 10 r. 45, cf. *un-du ina ahija* RN LÚ *a-ši-pa u* LÚ *a-sa-a ilqūni* when in the time of my brother Muwatalli they took in an exorcist and a physician ibid. 42.

2' in apotropaic rituals: EGIR-šú MAŠ. MAŠ *ina* DUG.A.GÚB.BA [NÍG.N]A [GI].IZI.LÁ *bīta u[háp]* after that the exorcist purifies the house with the holy water vessel, censer and torch Caplice, Or. NS 36 22 r. 4' (namburbi rit.); when it is two hours after sunrise

āśipu

and the table ceremony of Bēl and Bēltija is finished LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *išassīma bīta iħāpma he* (the *šešgallu*) summons the exorcist and he purifies the temple RAcc. 140:340; *ina pagri immeri* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *bīta ukappar* the exorcist purifies the temple with the sheep carcass RAcc. 141:354, also ibid. 357; ÉN ... LÚ.ME *imannu* ... [L]Ú.ME *ina zíd.MAD.GÁ ukapparma* the exorcist recites the incantation, the exorcist wipes (the patient) with flour (paste) Šurpu I 10f.; KA.PIRIG *u bānū* the exorcist and the builder (in dedication of a building) ZA 23 374:90; *ina ūmišuma MAŠ.MAŠ Ú.GIŠ.SAR kališunu uṭahha* on that very day the exorcist shall present (as an offering) all kinds of garden plants Caplice, Or. NS 36 34:13 (namburbi rit.); *a-ši-pu A.MEŠ urammakši* the exorcist shall cleanse her with water KUB 4 17:3 (rit.); KAŠ.SAG *tanaqqi* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *ana IGI IZI.GAR* [...] you libate beer, the exorcist [...] before the torch AMT 34,2:13 (inc.); LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *ana sēri uṣṣāma* É *rimki ippuš* the exorcist goes out in the open and prepares the *bīt rimki* BBR No. 26 iii 22, cf. LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *lām šarri* NÍG.NA.MEŠ *kališunu* IZI the exorcist ignites all the censers before (the arrival of) the king ibid. iv 37, also MAŠ.MAŠ ŠIM.AN.BAR NITÁ *u SAL isuakma itti dišpi himēti uballal* the exorcist brays “male” and “female” *nikiptu*-herb and mixes it with honey and ghee ibid. i 23, also, wr. LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ ibid. ii 6, cf. also LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *ina arki riksi izzazma* the exorcist stands behind the offering arrangement and (recites the incantation) ibid. ii 21; [*qāt?*] L]Ú.MU₇.MU₇ DIB.BA-ma *ana libbi šutukki irrub* (the patient) takes the hand of the exorcist and enters the reed hut AMT 44,4:8; LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *šanī* NÍG.NA GI.IZI.LÁ *idātuššunu* TA GIŠ.NÁ *ša marṣi ušalbā* (the first exorcist and) the second exorcist go around the bed of the patient, with a censer and a cultic torch following them ABL 24 r. 5, cf. LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ TÚG *sāma illabbiš* the exorcist puts on a red garment ibid. 14 (NA); *ina pan* MAŠ.MAŠ DU.DU-ka DN Ninagal marches before the exorcist AfO 14 146:117 (*bīt mēsiri*).

3' other rituals: *ana patē nāri šuātu* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ LÚ.GALA *uma'irma* for the

āśipu

(ceremonial) opening of that aqueduct I sent an exorcist and a *kalū*-singer OIP 2 81:27 (Senn.), cf. *išippi* LÚ.[K]A.PIRIG.MEŠ *kalē narē ša gimir ummānūtu ħammu* Borger Esarh. 24:24, cf. also Streck Asb. 264 iii 2; LÚ *a-ši-pu ina ūmi ullulūni a'ila ušaqba* on the day when they make the purification the exorcist will make the man talk KAV 1 vii 23 (Ass. Code § 47); *ana tēlilti ša fPN PN₂* MAŠ.MAŠ *mahir* PN₂, the exorcist, received (four sheep and a goat) for the purification ceremony of fPN KAJ 235:6, cf. AfO 10 36 No. 66:6, 37 No. 73:7, also (with *ana tēlilte takpirti*) ibid. 35f. No. 63:3, 6, and 14; *kī nīpiša ana ipi ekallim ēpušūni* PN MAŠ.MAŠ *mahir* PN the exorcist received (a sheep) when they performed the ritual for the “womb(?)” of the palace ibid. 37 No. 75:6, cf. ibid. 38 No. 80:9 (all MA); *issēn* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *issēn* LÚ.A.ZU *ina panīja lipqidma issa[hā]meš dulli[šunu]* *lēpušu* (see *asū* A usage a-4') ABL 1133 r. 11, cf., with LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ ABL 1 r. 8; PN LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ ABL 1216:14; LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ ABL 118 r. 5; I have performed the ritual (and) burnt the burnt offerings, (and) we have gone through the cleansing ritual *ana* LÚ *kalē ša annaka* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *issišu aptiqid* I have (now) assigned (the work) to a *kalū*-singer who is here and the exorcist (who is) with him ABL 361 r. 10; LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ *ana GI.IZI.LÁ lušētiq* (in funerary ritual) ABL 670 r. 10; LÚ.TU.É *rabū qāt gizilli* *ina* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ *kalē u narē ultu ziqqurrat isabbatamma* the chief ērib bīti shall lead the torch from the temple tower along with the exorcists, the lamentation singers and the singers RAcc. 68:33, cf. *alkakāt* LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ *kalē u narē u mārē ummannu napħaršunu* the ritual activities of the exorcists, the lamentation priests and singers and all of the experts RAcc. 65:45; PN *u* PN₂ LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ *ana* [...] *altapar hiši[hti]* *ša dullu ša ni-pi-[ši ša]* DN [...] I have sent the exorcists PN and PN₂ to [...] and [have also sent] whatever is needed for the performance of the ritual of Bunene CT 22 68:5 (NB let.).

d) with specific ref. to recitation of prayers and incantations: LÚ.MU₇.MU₇ *qinnaza* [...]

āśipu

É]N ḥul.gál hé.m.e.en šID-nu the exorcist [brandishes(?)] a whip and recites the incantation “You are indeed evil” LKA 108:6, but [LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ ana muḥhi šarri ÉN udug.ḥul. meš šID-nu the exorcist recites over the king the incantation “Evil utukku-demons” ibid. 9 (namburbi rit.); ištēn LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ imitti bīti u šanū šumēli bīti ÉN u₄.du₇.du₈.a.meš imannū u šitti LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ ÉN udug. ḥul.meš imannū one exorcist (standing) at the right of the house and a second at the left recite the incantation “butting storms” and the rest of the exorcists recite the incantation “Evil utukku-demons” BRM 4 6:35f.; ana IGI Šamaš LÚ a-ši-pu kī'am i(!)-qab-bi-ma the exorcist recites as follows facing the sun ZA 45 206 iv 15, also ibid. i 30 (Bogh. rit.); LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ [qāt marṣi DIB]-bat-ma ÉN 3-šú kám DUG₄.[GA] the exorcist takes the hand of the patient and recites the incantation three times thus 4R 60:28' (namburbi), see RA 49 38, cf. MAŠ.MAŠ qāt marṣi išabbatma KAR 58:51, see Ebeling Handerhebung 40, also MAŠ.MAŠ qāt rubé išabbatma kī'am iqabbi Craig ABRT 2 12:30 (SB rel.), cf. [É]N LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ incantation of the exorcist (incipit follows) SBH p. 145 ii 26; note at the end of šu-ila prayers: adi ūm balṭāku da[lil]ik[a] lid[lu]l (var. ludlul) u anāku a-ši-pu arad[ka] dalil[i]ka ludlul as long as I live may he (variant: I) praise you, and may I, the exorcist, your worshiper, praise you (too) KAR 25 r. iii 10, var. from Ebeling Handerhebung 18, cf. u anāku MAŠ.MAŠ aradka dalilika ludlul BMS 12:94, see Ebeling Handerhebung 82, also anāku MAŠ.MAŠ K.14805:3', anāku a-ši-pi(var. -pu) aradka da[lilika ludlul] LKU 27:8, also KAR 83 ii 11, KUB 37 62:5'.
e) in colophons: annū ša pī PN DUMU PN₂ LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ LÚ.UM.ME.A DIN.T[IR.KI] this is by PN, son of PN₂, the exorcist, the scholar of Babylon JCS 16 66 vi 8, also ibid. 2 and 6, and passim in this text (catalogue of texts and authors); tuppi Kiṣir-Aššur MAŠ.MAŠ É Aššur DUMU Nabū-bēssun MAŠ.MAŠ É Aššur tablet belonging to PN, the exorcist of the temple of Aššur, son of PN₂, the exorcist of the temple of Aššur Köcher BAM 303:25f., and passim; ana sabāt epēši Kiṣir-Aššur MAŠ.MAŠ É Aššur

āśipu

zamar is-[su-ha]PN, the exorcist of the temple of Aššur, quickly excerpted (this text) for the performance of a ritual Köcher BAM 177:14, and passim in Assur colophons, see G. Meier, AfO 12 245f.; [u'ilti] Kiṣir-Nabū MAŠ.MAŠ [bukur] Šamaš-ibni MAŠ.MAŠ-ma KAR 33 r. 14, also Köcher BAM 191:19, 199:15f., tuppi PN a ša PN₂ LÚ.ŠA.BAL.BAL PN₃ LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ Anu u Antum Urukū tablet belonging to PN, son of PN₂, descendant of PN₃, the exorcist of Anu and Antu, the Urukean TCL 6 5 r. 55, and passim in Seleucid Uruk colophons, see Neugebauer ACT p. 13ff.; IM.GI.DA makkūr Ezida PN a PN₂ LÚ.MAŠ ana balāt napšatišu ištur ina Ezida ukin one-column tablet, property of the temple Ezida, PN son of PN₂, the exorcist, wrote (it) and placed it in Ezida (as a votive offering) for his good health 5R 46 No. 1:63, see Weidner Handbuch p. 52, cf. PN a PN₂ LÚ.ME ana DIN-šú ištur iibrīma ina Esagil ukin PN son of PN₂, the exorcist, wrote (and) checked (this tablet) and placed it in Esagil (as a votive offering) for his good health STC 2 pl. 84:112; note the writing LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.ME.EN StOr 1 33:15 (NB), LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.ME.NI 2R 51 No. 1:31, see Reiner, Surpu p. 55, also ZA 54 74 colophon.

f) other occs. — 1' in lit.: šumma LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ IGI if he sees an exorcist (followed by bārū, asū) AfO 18 76 Tablet Funck 3:11; INIM.INIM.MA gallū ... ana MAŠ.MAŠ NU TE-e incantation that a gallū-demon, (etc.) not approach the exorcist KAR 31 r. 20.

2' in adm. (MB, MA, NA): PN MAŠ.MAŠ adi [bītišu] A.ŠA-šu GI[Š.SAR-š]u PN the exorcist together with his house, field (and) grove 5R 33 vi 37 (Agum-kakrime); [a]tā ina libbi GN rēš LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ šarru išši why has the king appointed the exorcist in GN? ABL 1285 r. 16 (NA); bread and beer ša LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ (parallel: for the laḥhinu) ABL 167 r. 16 (NA); uncert.: mār PN LÚ a(!)-ši-pi KAJ 110:25 (MA leg.); PN LÚ.MAŠ ABL 877:3 (= ADD 889); note LÚ.ME.ME ša ina pan PN [...] (witness) ADD 481:17; LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ ADD 953 iv 1; note naphar 17 MAŠ.MAŠ.MEŠ total 17 exorcists (after list of names, followed by list of bārū's)

āšipu

ADD 851 i 18; *naphar* 7.KAM LÚ *a-ši-pu.MEŠ* total: seven exorcists VAS 15 1 i 8; slaves sold to PN LÚ *a-ši-pu* Camb. 384:9; dates issued to PN LÚ *a-ši-pu* VAS 6 72:12; barley received by PN A PN₂ LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ ZA 3 150 No. 12:3; note also the writing LÚ.ME.ME (or LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ) BRM 1 88:2, 5, 7, 12, and seal, also ibid. 99:44.

The parallelism in contexts indicates that LÚ.MAŠ.MAŠ represents the same person as the *āšipu*, and most likely is to be read as *āšipu*, except in a few literary texts where *mašmāšu* occurs as a learned word. It is to be noted, however, that in a few occs. (e.g., LKA 108, see usage d), MAŠ.MAŠ seems to refer to a person other than the also mentioned LÚ.MU₇.MU₇. If the latter is to be read *āšipu*, MAŠ.MAŠ would have to be read *mašmāšu*, or else the log. LÚ.MU₇.MU₇, very rare in Akk. contexts, must be given another reading.

E. Ritter, Studies Landsberger 299–321.

āšipu in **rab āšipi** s.; overseer of the exorcists; NA, NB*; wr. syll. and LÚ.GAL. MAŠ.MAŠ; cf. *āšipu*.

LÚ.GAL *a-ši-pi akī ša i-le-[?-u ...]* the chief exorcist should [act] as best he knows (to avert the portent of the eclipse) ABL 1006:18 (NB let.); PN LÚ.GAL.MAŠ.MAŠ (as witness) ADD 444 r. 12, also (followed by LÚ.GAL.MAŠ.MAŠ *šá bīt mār šarri*) ADD 450 r. 2f.

āšipūtu s.; exorcism, craft, practice of the exorcist, corpus of texts of the exorcist; MA, SB, NA, NB; wr. syll. and MAŠ.MAŠ with phonetic complement; cf. *āšipu*.

a) in gen. — 1' beside *asūtu* medical practice: (various afflictions) *ša ina dū-ti A.ZU-ti u MAŠ.MAŠ-ú-ti iltazzazma NU DU₈-ir* which persist even after the (application of) medical and exorcistic rituals and cannot be dispelled Köcher BAM 228:17, also ibid. 229:11', cf. [*ina*] *ne-pil-ti MAŠ.MAŠ-ti [i]ltazzazma NU DU₈* ibid. 225 r. 4; powders, [herbs?] and aromatics [*lu ina*] *A.ZU-tim [... lu ina] MAŠ.MAŠ-tim* K.12669:6'f.; MAŠ.MAŠ-ti A.ZU-ti [pertaining to?] exorcism and medicine Köcher BAM 125:23; *ana epēš asūti u a-ši-pu-*

āšipūtu

ti ul išallim (see *asūtu* usage a-2') Boissier DA 11 i 8 (SB ext.).

2' in medical contexts: *a-ši-pu-us-su DÙ.DÙ-uš-ma T[I-ut]* you perform the appropriate exorcistic ritual several times and he will recover Köcher BAM 174:4', also Labat TDP 196:69, wr. [MAŠ.MAŠ]-*su* ibid. 40:27; MAŠ.MAŠ-*su* DÙ-uš *u ŠU.GUR(!)-šú-ma iballu* you perform the appropriate exorcistic ritual and purify him, then he will recover Labat TDP 116 ii 6, also ibid. 70:2; UD.6.KAM MAŠ.MAŠ-*su teppuš* AMT 24,1:4, also, wr. *a-ši-pu-[us-su]* ibid. 8.

3' other occs.: *aluzin minâ tele'i a-ši-pu-ta kalama ana qâtejama ul us̄i aluzin kī a-ši-pu-ut-ka* O *aluzinnu*, what are you able to do? “None of the exorcist’s art escapes me”—O *aluzinnu*, what is your performance as exorcist like? TuL p. 17:17ff.; *ina muhhi dulli ša šarru bēlī išpuranni dullu a-ši-pu-ti ... līpušu* as regards the ritual(s) which the king my lord wrote me about, they should perform the ritual(s) of exorcism ABL 553:9 (NA); uncert.: *a-ši-pu-ú-tu* (in broken context) ABL 1321 r. 10 (NB); GIŠ.ŠUB.BA. MEŠ-šú-nu *a-ši-pu-ú-tú* IGI *Anu Antum* (sale of) their prebends of exorcist before Anu and Antu BRM 2 16:3 (NB); *Šamaš šurbi a-ši-pu-tu*(vars. -tú, -ti) *ša apkal ilī ipušu Marduk* O Šamaš, magnify the exorcism which Marduk, sage among the gods, has performed AfO 18 294:84 (SB inc.).

b) referring to the patron gods of exorcism: *Asalluhi* [E]N *a-ši-pu-[t]i ina šammē ša šadé šammē ša naqbi* [li]paširkama may Asalluhi, patron god of exorcism, release you by means of the plants of the mountains and the plants of the deep Biggs Šaziga 17:15; KI.MIN (= *utammēki*) *Asalluhi* EN *a-ši-pu-ti* I conjure you (Lamaštu) by Asalluhi, god of exorcism 4R 56 ii 13; [*ina qibit*] *Asalluhi* EN *a-ši-pu-ti* at the command of Asalluhi, god of exorcism Maqlu I 72, also [*ina qibit*] *Asalluhi* EN MAŠ.MAŠ-ti PSBA 37 195 r. 1, cf. *Asalluhi* EN *a-ši-pu-ti išpuran[ni]* Maqlu I 62, and passim; EN *a-ši-pu-[ti ...]* (incipit of a song) KAR 158 iv 5; *Ea u Asalluhi ilī MAŠ.MAŠ-ti* OECT 6 pl. 6 K.2999:3.